



OIL SOLUTIONS

PO Box 38
Strathfieldsaye, VIC, 3551
1800 OIL SOL
1800 645 765
sales@oilsolutions.com.au
www.oilsolutions.com.au
"For All Your Hydraulic Needs"

Oil Hydraulic Flow Dividers and Intensifiers

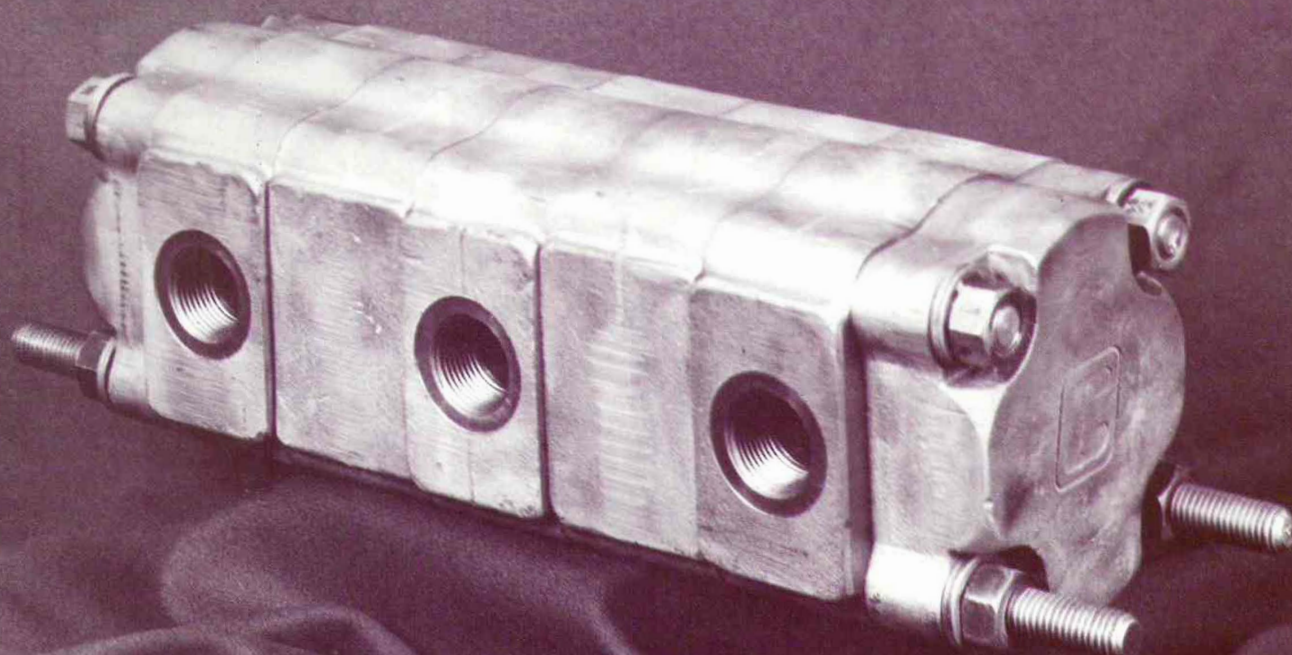
FD 30™

FD 50™

FD 75™



**Commercial
Intertech**



a unique component that works when required and only to the extent necessary

Commercial's rotary flow dividers/pressure intensifiers are extremely versatile components which, when properly applied, will save on installation and operating costs, increase circuit versatility, offer convenience, and improve pump life. This catalog describes the FD30, 50, and 75 models which are assembled from standard heavy-duty gear pump components available throughout the world. Ideal applications are:

1. As flow equalizers to synchronize the operation of multiple cylinders or motors.
2. As flow dividers to distribute the pump flow according to the requirements of each system.
3. As pressure intensifiers to increase the pressure available to a particular system beyond the pump's relief valve setting or to reduce the time at which the pump must operate at maximum pressure.

Rotary flow dividers/pressure intensifiers offer advantages often overlooked when designing a hydraulic circuit. They are unique components which can be considered to "float" in the hydraulic circuit, working only when required, and then, only to the extent necessary. Unlike variable orifice types, rotary flow dividers operate on the principle that fluid horsepower input equals fluid horsepower output, less, of course, the small efficiency loss of the unit. If the pressure at an outlet port is lower than the inlet pressure, the low pressure section of the rotary flow divider acts as a motor. The energy expended

across the motor is not wasted in generating heat but is applied through the interconnecting shaft to do work in the other sections.

The total output flow is equal to the input flow. Each section's output is in proportion to the gear width of the section. As a flow equalizer, each section has equal gear widths.

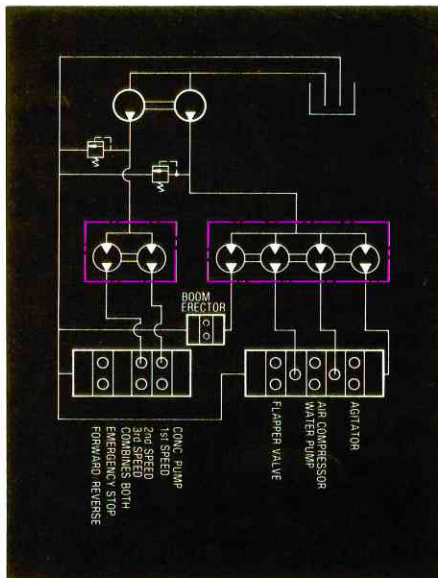
Rotary flow dividers operate automatically. No pilot signals or other devices are necessary to initiate their operation.

The economic advantages of rotary flow dividers/pressure intensifiers is best illustrated by the components they eliminate. Expensive multi-drive gear boxes, multiple pumps, and extensive plumbing and fittings can be replaced by a single pump and a flow divider remotely mounted in any convenient location. Problems, common in feeding multiple pumps, are eliminated because flow dividers are pressure-charged. Rotary flow dividers can be mounted in any position and, because they are self-lubricating, require no maintenance. No external drain lines or shafts are required. Extended studs are provided for easy mounting.

porting

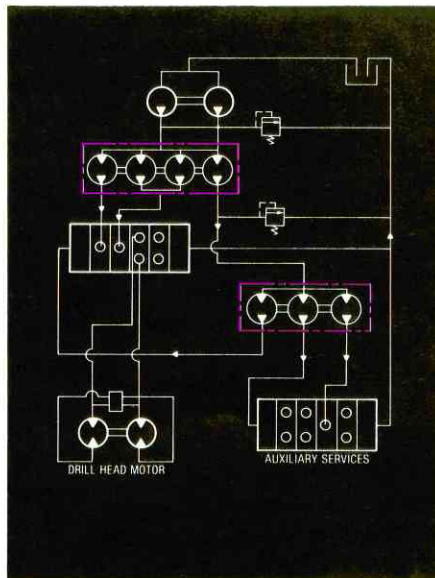
Standard porting of the FD30, 50, and 75 flow dividers is through the gear housing or bearing carrier. Porting through the port end covers is available on special request.

Two studs extend from each end of the flow divider for easy mounting.



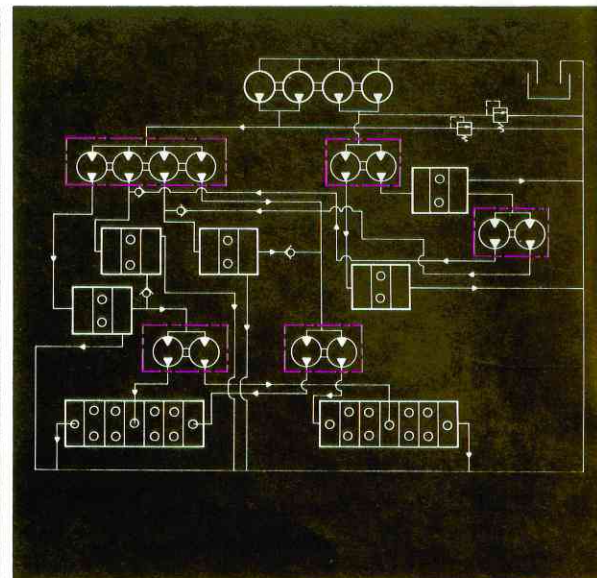
Concrete Pump

Concrete circuit pump providing intermittent high pressure and some speed variation. The two-section flow divider works in pressure intensification and speed control mode, the four-section flow divider simply splits flow to machine services.



Drill Rig (Fire Resistant Fluid)

Flow division is combined with a variable speed drill operation. Two primary flows go to the drill motor, third flow feeds auxiliary services, fourth flow is further divided to supply additional machine services including drill rod screwing and unscrewing.



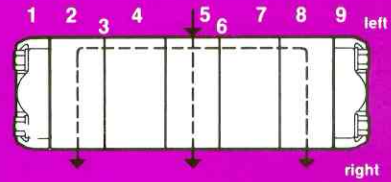
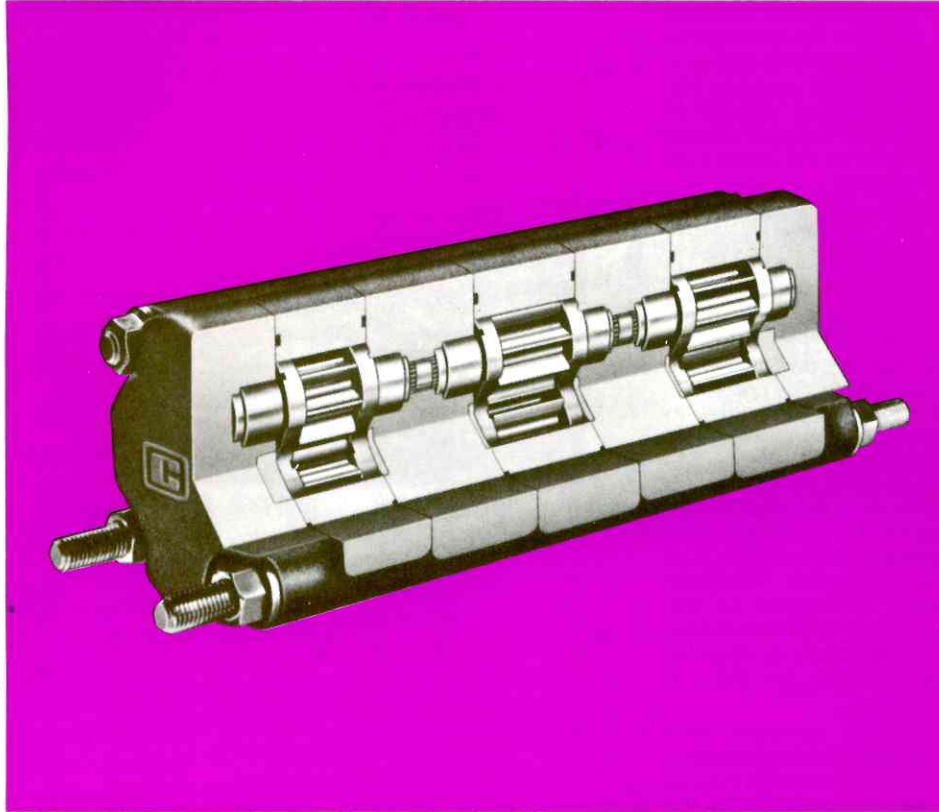
Mining Machine

Use of flow dividers and mid-inlet valves on this mining machine circuit give maximum utilization of power as well as eliminating the need for a complex and costly gearbox driven, multiple pump unit.

NOTE: In accordance with our policy of continuing product development, we reserve the right to change specifications shown in this catalog without notice.

Commercial's FD30™, FD50™, and FD75™ flow dividers are manufactured under one or more of the following patents: United States, 3,421,769; Great Britain, 1,028,735, and 1,157,170; Canada, 781,832; Australia, 401,461; German Federal Republic, 1,601,709; France, 1,428,763 and 1,521,300; Italy, 746,701; and Sweden, 320,855.

how to specify and code



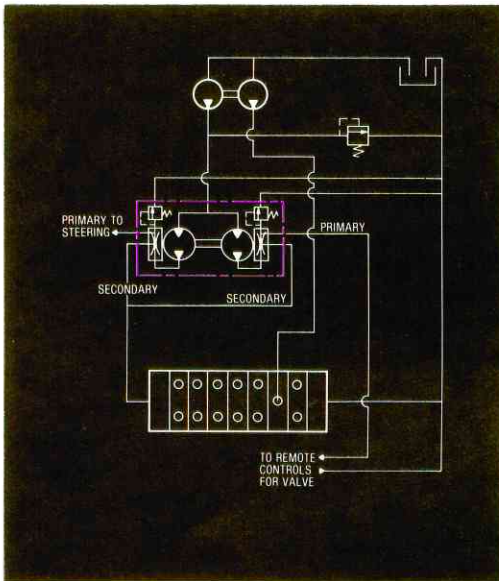
The full assembly code combines individual codes for port end covers, gear housings, and bearing carriers as selected to do the job you require. Here is an example of the procedure:

FD50B Flow Divider

Assembly Code:

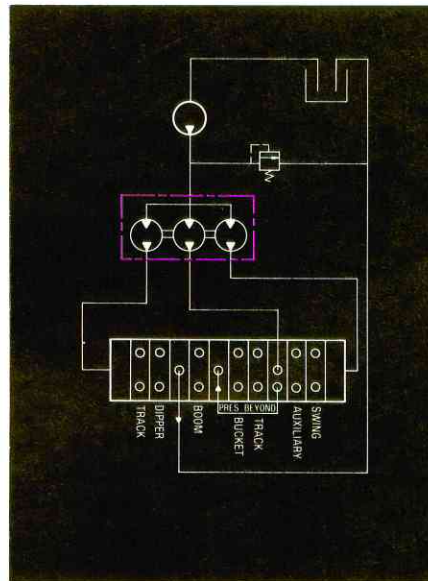
FD50B BY OD12-1E OJ25-1E UD10 BY

Flow Divider.....	FD
Series.....	50
Model.....	B
1. Port End Cover.....	BY
2. Gear Housing.....	OD12
3. Connecting Shaft (Not Shown)....	1
4. Bearing Carrier.....	E
5. Gear Housing.....	OJ25
6. Connecting Shaft (Not Shown)....	1
7. Bearing Carrier.....	E
8. Gear Housing.....	UD10
9. Port End Cover.....	BY



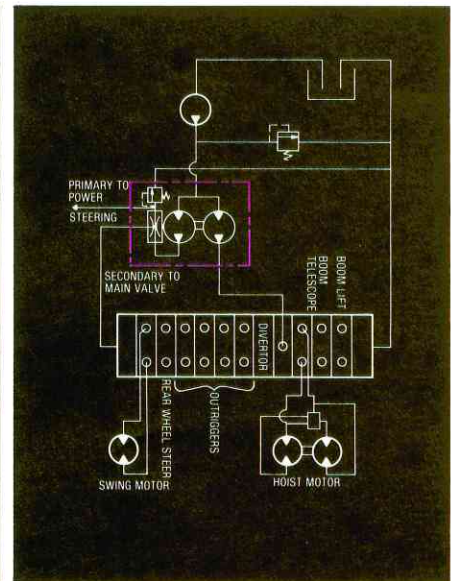
Container Handler

Flow divider with priority outlet valves assures constant, independent flow to two essential services on container sideloaders — steering and remote control circuit. Other flows supply lifting and auxiliary services.



Excavator

Excavator circuit using the special features of flow divider and mid-inlet sections in valve to give intermittent high pressures to essential machine services.



Telescopic Crane

Flow divider with a priority outlet valve combine to guarantee power to steering circuit. Second flow provides two-speed lifting. Secondary flow of priority valve helps supply auxiliary services.

performance data

output flow

Flow dividers operate most efficiently with gear sizes of 1" or larger and at speeds from 700 to 1300 rpm. Therefore, when sizing a flow divider, it is important to keep these two points in mind. It is also good practice to avoid specifying flow dividers with all 1/2" or 3/4" gears.

Whenever possible, position the inlet port nearest the largest gear unit. Normally, the largest gear section should be in the center of the unit.

Applications involving gear rotational speeds below 400 rpm, or exceeding 1300 rpm and/or 175 bar/2500 psi should be referred to Technical Service Department.

how to select the proper flow divider

First, assume your circuit requires a pump output of 55 gpm to be split into 25, 18 and 12 gpm.

From the output graphs, you will see that:

1. The 2" — FD30 gears produce about 1600 rpm at 25 gpm. This is above the recommended operating speed.
2. The 2" — FD50 gears, at 25 gpm, operate at an acceptable speed of about 1200 rpm. By checking across the 1200 rpm band on the output chart, you find that 1 1/2" and 1" gear sections will supply the other required flows of 18 and 12 gpm.

The FD75 could also be considered with 2", 1 1/2" and 1" gears operating at about 900 rpm.

The specific application requirements, along with unit size, weight and price differences, would determine whether the FD50 or 75 would be the better choice.

pressure intensification

Any rotary flow divider has the potential for pressure intensification.

Consider the following example of a pump supplying flow to a two section (equal gear width) flow divider. There is relief protection between the pump and flow divider but no relief at the output of either flow divider section.

Figure 1 shows both flow divider outputs pressurized to 2000 psi. They may be driving motors, cylinders, etc. The input pressure is also 2000 psi*. Figure 2 shows

one flow divider section taken off load for whatever reason, but the second section is still working at 2000 psi. The input pressure has dropped to 1000 psi because of the law of conservation of energy which reduces to the basic flow divider equation:

$$(TGW \times Pin) = (GW_1 \times P_1) + (GW_2 \times P_2)$$

$$Pin = \frac{(GW_1 \times P_1) + (GW_2 \times P_2)}{TGW}$$

Where TGW = Total Gear Width

Note that the pressure (Pin) on the input side of the unit (1000 psi) has now been intensified to 2000 psi at P₂. If there is no relief protection at P₂, that section potentially can go to 5000 psi, if the load demands it, because the input pressure can rise to the relief valve setting of 2500 psi. This is an undesirable situation. **Adequate relief valve protection on the discharge side of each flow divider section is necessary to keep intensification within the limits of the unit.**

*The above numbers were used for illustrative purposes only. The actual input pressure may be 100 to 200 psi higher than the theoretical values shown because of inefficiencies.

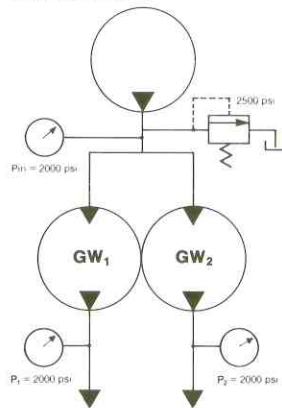


Figure 1

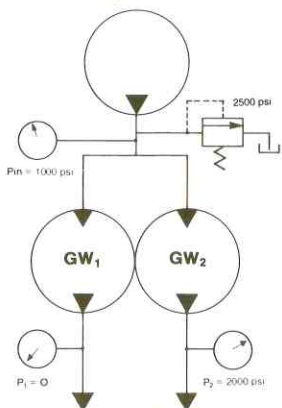
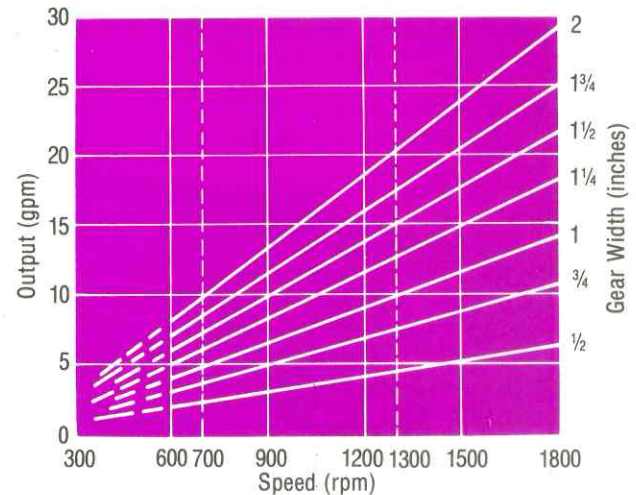
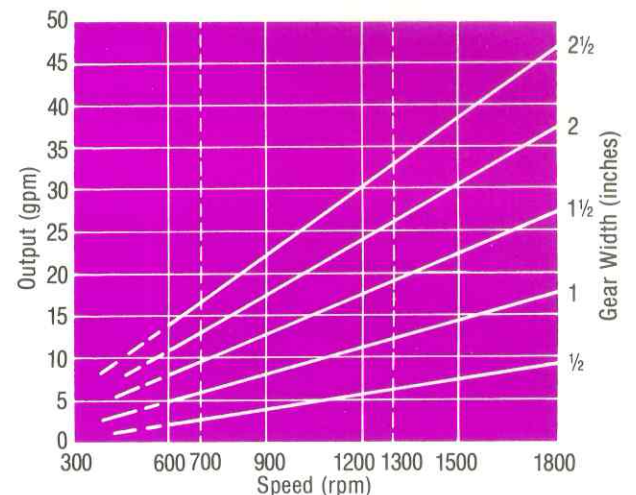


Figure 2

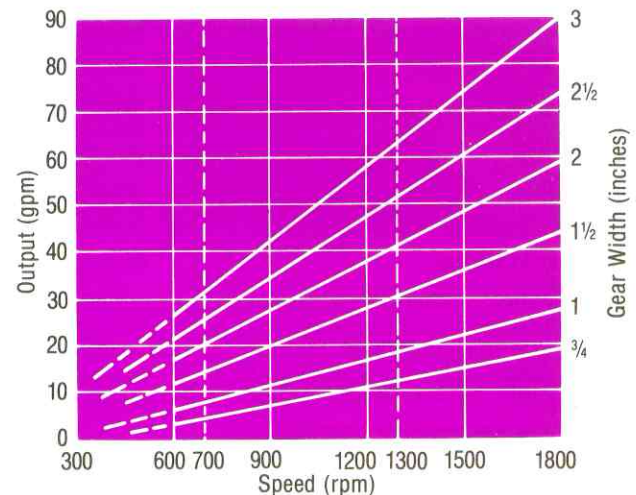
FD30™



FD50™



FD75™



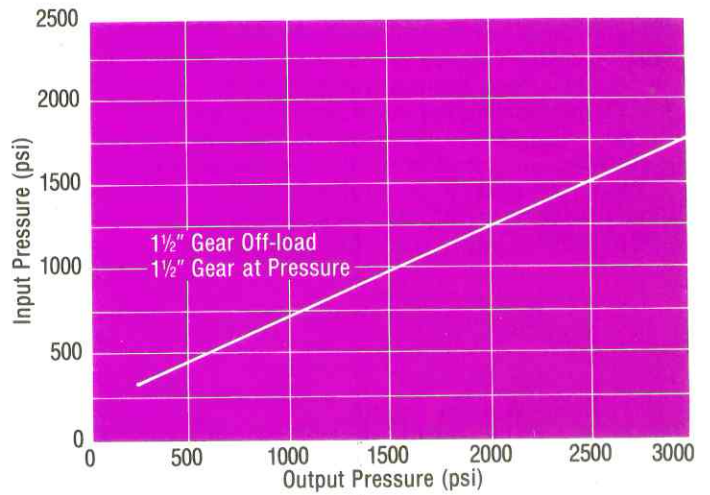
pressure intensification

Average output flow • U.S. Gallons per Minute

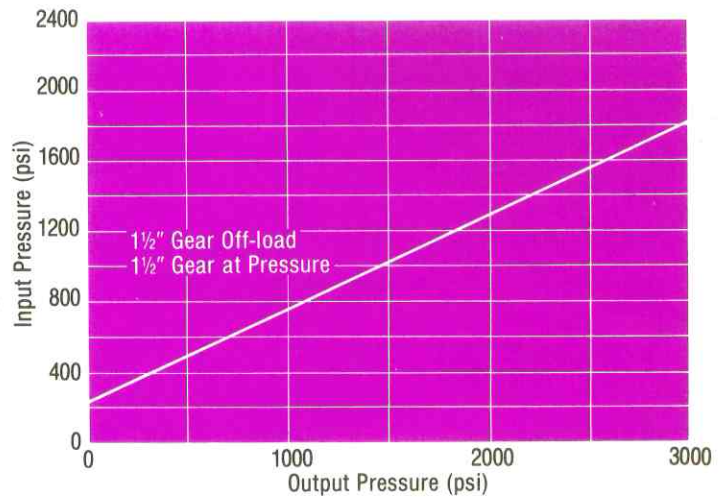
• British Imperial Gallons per Minute

• Litres per Minute

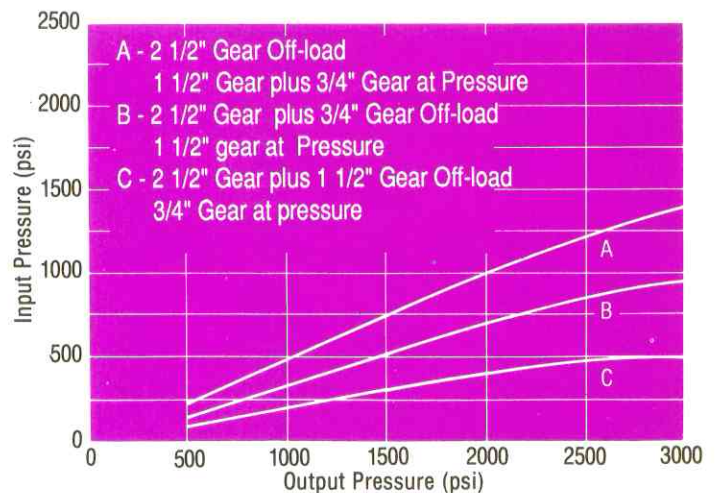
Speed rpm	Gear Width (inches)						
	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 3/4	2
600	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1.5	2.5	3.5	4	5	6	6.5
	7.5	11	15	19	22.5	26.5	30.5
900	3	5	6.5	8	10	12	13.5
	2.5	4	5.5	6.5	8.5	10	11
	11	19	24.5	30.5	38	45.5	51
1200	4	7	9	11.5	14	16	18.5
	3.5	6	7.5	9.5	11.5	13.5	15.5
	15	26.5	34	43.5	53	60.5	70
1500	5	8	11.5	14.5	17.5	20.5	23.5
	4	6.5	9.5	12	14.5	17	19.5
	19	30.5	43.5	55	66	77.5	89
1800	6	10.5	14	18	21.5	25	29
	5	8.5	11.5	15	18	21	24
	22.5	39.5	53	68	81.5	94.5	110
2100	7	12.5	16.5	21	25	29.5	34
	6	10.5	13.5	17.5	21	24.5	28.5
	26.5	47.5	62.5	79.5	94.5	112	129



Speed rpm	Gear Width (inches)								
	1/2	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 3/4	2	2 1/4	2 1/2
600	2	3.5	5	6.5	8	9.5	11	12.5	14
	1.5	3	4	5.5	6.5	8	9	10.5	11.5
	7.5	13	19	24.5	30.5	36	41.5	47.5	53
900	4.5	6	8.5	10.5	13	15	17.5	20	22
	3.5	5	7	8.5	11	12.5	14.5	16.5	18.5
	17	22.5	32	39.5	49	57	66	75.5	83.5
1200	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
	5	7.5	10	12.5	15	17.5	20	22.5	25
	22.5	34	45.5	57	68	79.5	91	102	114
1500	8	11.5	15	19	23	27	31	35	39
	6.5	9.5	12.5	16	19	22.5	26	29	32.5
	30.5	43.5	57	72	87	102	117	132	148
1800	9.5	14	18	23	27.5	32.5	37.5	42	47
	8	11.5	15	19	23	27	31	35	39
	36	53	68	87	104	123	142	159	178
2100	11	16	21.5	27	32.5	38.5	44	49.5	55
	9	13.5	18	22.5	27	32	36.5	41	46
	41.5	60.5	81.5	102	123	146	167	187	208



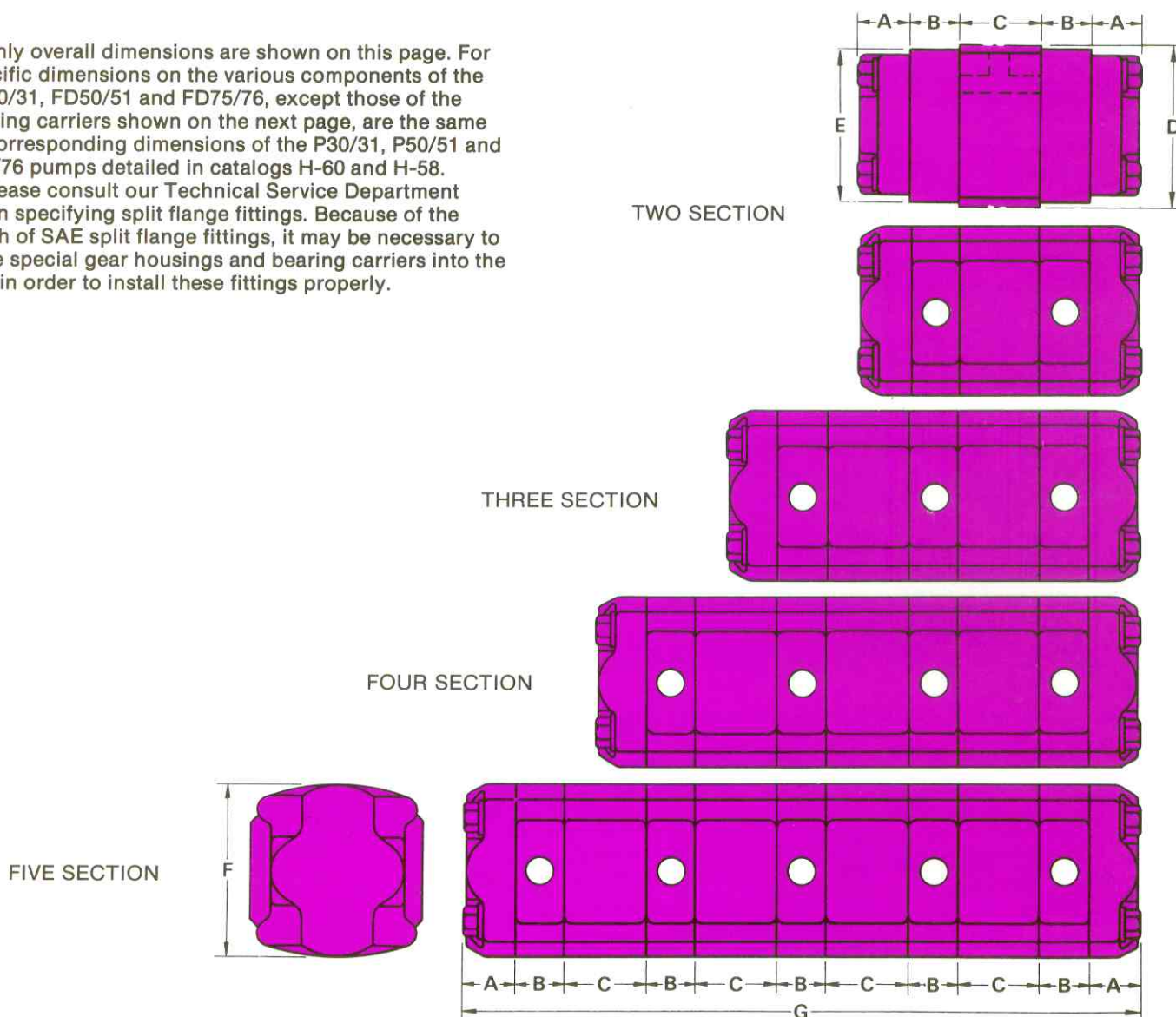
Speed rpm	Gear Width (inches)									
	3/4	1	1 1/4	1 1/2	1 3/4	2	2 1/4	2 1/2	2 3/4	3
600	3	6	9	11.5	13.5	16.5	18.5	21	23	26
	2.5	5	7.5	9.5	11	13.5	15.5	17.5	19	21.5
	11	22.5	34	43.5	51	62.5	70	79.5	87	98.5
900	7	11	15	19	23	27	30	34	38	42
	6	9	12.5	16	19	22.5	25	28.5	31.5	35
	26.5	41.5	57	72	87	102	114	129	144	159
1200	11	17	22	27	32	37.5	42	48	52.5	58
	9	14	18.5	22.5	26.5	31	35	40	43.5	48.5
	41.5	64.5	83.5	102	121	142	159	182	199	220
1500	15	22	29	35.5	41.5	48	54.5	61	67	74
	12.5	18.5	24	29.5	34.5	40	45.5	51	56	61.5
	57	83.5	110	134	157	182	206	231	254	280
1800	19	27.5	35.5	43.5	51	59	66	74	81.5	90
	16	23	29.5	36	42.5	49	55	61.5	68	75
	72	104	134	165	193	223	250	280	308	341
2100	22	33	42	51.5	60	69.5	78	87	96.5	106
	18.5	27.5	35	43	50	58	65	72.5	80.5	88.5
	83.5	125	159	195	227	263	295	329	365	401



dimensional data

Only overall dimensions are shown on this page. For specific dimensions on the various components of the FD30/31, FD50/51 and FD75/76, except those of the bearing carriers shown on the next page, are the same as corresponding dimensions of the P30/31, P50/51 and P75/76 pumps detailed in catalogs H-60 and H-58.

Please consult our Technical Service Department when specifying split flange fittings. Because of the width of SAE split flange fittings, it may be necessary to code special gear housings and bearing carriers into the unit in order to install these fittings properly.

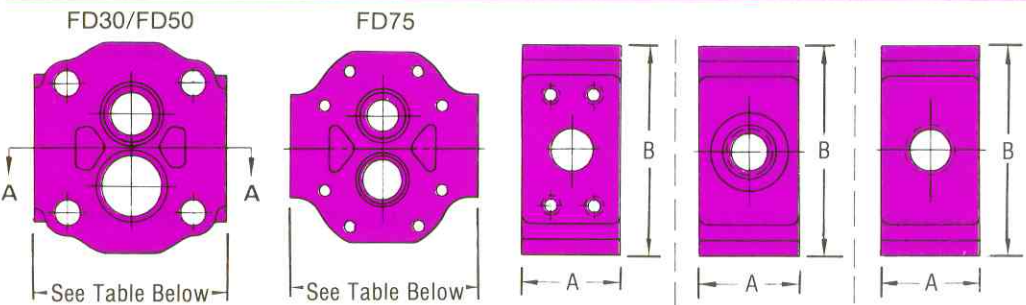


Model	A	B	C	D	E	F	G			
							Two Section	Three Section	Four Section	Five Section
FD30	44.4 1.75	19.0 .75 + Gear Width	63.5 2.50	131.8 5.19 to 146.0 5.75	134.9 5.31 to 138.1 5.44	136.5 5.37	190.5 7.50 + Gear Widths	273.0 10.75 + Gear Widths	355.6 14.00 + Gear Widths	438.2 17.25 + Gear Widths
FD50	44.4 1.75	19.0 .75 + Gear Width	73.0 2.88	131.8 5.19 to 146.0 5.75	134.9 5.31 to 171.4 6.75	152.4 6.00	200.0 7.88 + Gear Widths	292.1 11.50 + Gear Widths	384.2 15.12 + Gear Widths	476.3 18.75 + Gear Widths
FD75	50.8 2.00	25.4 1.00 + Gear Width	76.2 3.00	187.3 7.38 to 200.0 7.88	190.5 7.50 to 193.7 7.62	200.0 7.88	228.6 9.00 + Gear Widths	330.2 13.00 + Gear Widths	431.8 17.00 + Gear Widths	533.4 21.0 + Gear Widths

bearing carriers

This catalog contains codes for most widely used models only. Complete codes for assembling all configurations are readily available from our sales representatives.

FD30™ /FD50™ /FD75™ dimensional data shown in $\frac{\text{mm}}{\text{inches}}$



Model	A	B
FD30	63.5	136.5
	2.50	5.38
FD50	73.0	152.4
	2.88	6.00
FD75	76.2	200.0
	3.00	7.88

FD30/FD50/FD75 CODE SELECTION

Section A-A back front	Port Size (inches) Left Right		Split Flange Ports				Straight Thread Ports				Pipe Thread Ports			
			Width		Code SAE	Metric	Width		Code SAE	Metric	Width		Code NPT	BSPP
			mm	inches			mm	inches			mm	inches		
	NONE	NONE	131.8	5.19	FD30	B	131.8	5.19	FD30	B	131.8	5.19	FD30	B
	NONE	NONE	131.8	5.19	FD50	B	131.8	5.19	FD50	B	131.8	5.19	FD50	B
	NONE	NONE	131.8	5.19	FD75	E	131.8	5.19	FD75	E	131.8	5.19	FD75	E
	NONE	NONE	131.8	5.19	FD30	E	131.8	5.19	FD30	E	131.8	5.19	FD30	E
	1	NONE	144.5	5.69	FD30	J	146.0	5.75	FD30	F	146.0	5.75	FD30	M
	1 1/4	NONE	144.5	5.69	FD50	T	146.0	5.75	FD50	Q	146.0	5.75	FD50	X
	1 1/2	NONE	144.5	5.69	FD75	K	146.0	5.75	FD75	R	146.0	5.75	FD75	N
	NONE	3/4	144.5	5.69	FD30	V	146.0	5.75	FD30	S	146.0	5.75	FD30	Y
	NONE	1	144.5	5.69	FD50	L	146.0	5.75	FD50	H	146.0	5.75	FD50	P
	NONE	3/4	144.5	5.69	FD75	W	146.0	5.75	FD75	G	146.0	5.75	FD75	Z
	NONE	1	144.5	5.69	FD30	GR	146.0	5.75	FD30	JH	146.0	5.75	FD30	BX
	NONE	3/4	144.5	5.69	FD50	TR	146.0	5.75	FD50	BZ	146.0	5.75	FD50	DG
	NONE	1	144.5	5.69	FD75	MT	146.0	5.75	FD75	PC	146.0	5.75	FD75	KZ
	NONE	3/4	144.5	5.69	FD30	FM	146.0	5.75	FD30	MK	146.0	5.75	FD30	DF
	NONE	1	144.5	5.69	FD50	FD	146.0	5.75	FD50	JH	146.0	5.75	FD50	CV
	1	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD30	KT	146.0	5.75	FD30	BZ	146.0	5.75	FD30	DM
	1 1/4	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD50	JG	146.0	5.75	FD50	PC	146.0	5.75	FD50	NK
	1 1/2	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD75	RP	146.0	5.75	FD75	MK	146.0	5.75	FD75	MN
	1 1/4	1	142.9	5.62	FD30	HR	146.0	5.75	FD30	HJ	146.0	5.75	FD30	GX
	1 1/2	1	142.9	5.62	FD50	VR	146.0	5.75	FD50	SJ	146.0	5.75	FD50	FG
	1 1/2	1	142.9	5.62	FD75	PR	146.0	5.75	FD75	MJ	146.0	5.75	FD75	HX
	1	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD30	WR	146.0	5.75	FD30	XJ	146.0	5.75	FD30	SG
	1 1/4	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD50	QR	146.0	5.75	FD50	RJ	146.0	5.75	FD50	RX
	1 1/2	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD75	XR	146.0	5.75	FD75	ZJ	146.0	5.75	FD75	XG
	1 1/4	1	142.9	5.62	FD30	NT	146.0	5.75	FD30	PK	146.0	5.75	FD30	LZ
	1 1/2	1	142.9	5.62	FD50	QM	146.0	5.75	FD50	PL	146.0	5.75	FD50	GF
	1 1/2	1	142.9	5.62	FD75	RT	146.0	5.75	FD75	RK	146.0	5.75	FD75	TZ
	1	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD30	VM	146.0	5.75	FD30	QL	146.0	5.75	FD30	MF
	1 1/4	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD50	GD	146.0	5.75	FD50	PH	146.0	5.75	FD50	GV
	1 1/2	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD75	PT	146.0	5.75	FD75	PZ	146.0	5.75	FD75	NM
	1 1/4	1	142.9	5.62	FD30	MD	146.0	5.75	FD30	RH	146.0	5.75	FD30	MV
	1 1/2	1	142.9	5.62	FD50	QT	146.0	5.75	FD50	QZ	146.0	5.75	FD50	PM
	1 1/2	1	142.9	5.62	FD75	PD	146.0	5.75	FD75	WH	146.0	5.75	FD75	NV
	1	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD30	ZT	146.0	5.75	FD30	YZ	146.0	5.75	FD30	TM
	1 1/4	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD50	PG	146.0	5.75	FD50	QC	146.0	5.75	FD50	TK
	1	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD75	TP	146.0	5.75	FD75	QK	146.0	5.75	FD75	QN
	1 1/4	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD30	RG	146.0	5.75	FD30	VC	146.0	5.75	FD30	ZK
	1	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD50	ZP	146.0	5.75	FD50	SK	146.0	5.75	FD50	TN
	1 1/4	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD75	WL	146.0	5.75	FD75	MC	146.0	5.75	FD75	VG
	1	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD30	FP	146.0	5.75	FD30	CP	146.0	5.75	FD30	HP
	1 1/4	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD50	ZL	146.0	5.75	FD50	SC	146.0	5.75	FD50	WG
	1	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD75	GP	146.0	5.75	FD75	DP	146.0	5.75	FD75	LP
	1 1/4	3/4	142.9	5.62	FD30		146.0	5.75	FD30		146.0	5.75	FD30	